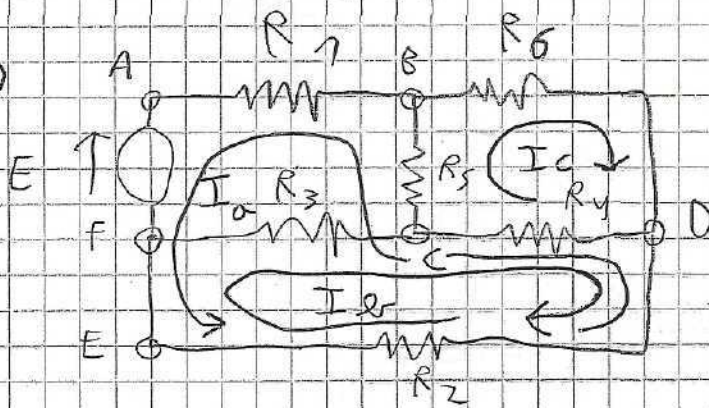


Capítulo 3 guía de ejercicios

3.7)



puerto

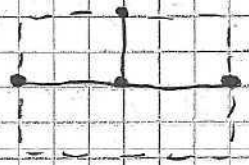
1)

- Nodos efectivos = 4
- Ramos efectivos = 6
- Nodos totales = 5
- Ramos totales = 7

(no se contabilizan nodos y ramos ficticios)

2)

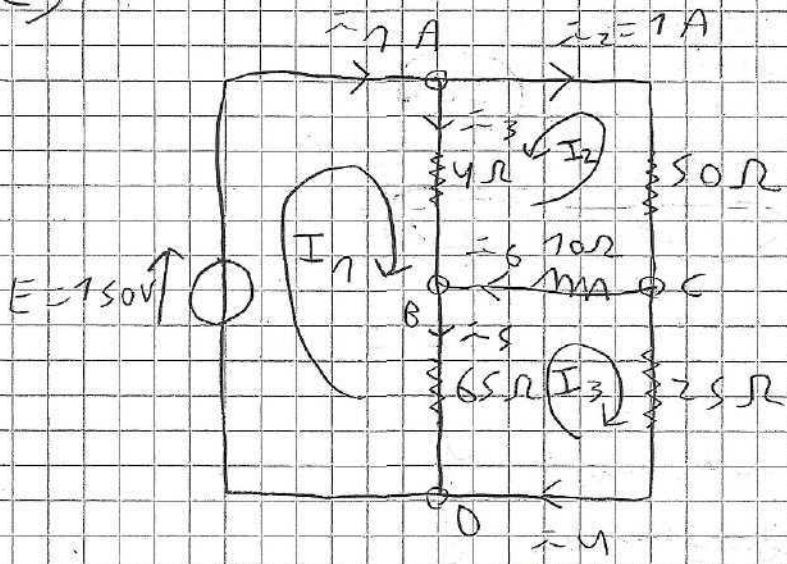
3)



4)

5) Para que dos mallas sean LI, deben tener en al menos una rama, en este caso cada malla corta a una rama de enlace exclusiva.

3.2)



M 1) $150V = 4\Omega (I_1 + I_2) + 65\Omega (I_1 - I_3)$

M 2) $0 = 70\Omega (I_2 + I_3) + 50\Omega I_2 + 4\Omega (I_1 + I_2)$

M 3) $0 = 25\Omega I_3 + 65\Omega (I_3 - I_1) + 70\Omega (I_2 + I_3)$

$I_3 = 0,65 I_1 - 0,1 I_2$

$I_2 = -0,156 I_3 - 0,0625 I_1$

$I_2 = -0,166 I_1$

HAGGE
LUCAS

02-090021-4

RECIBI:

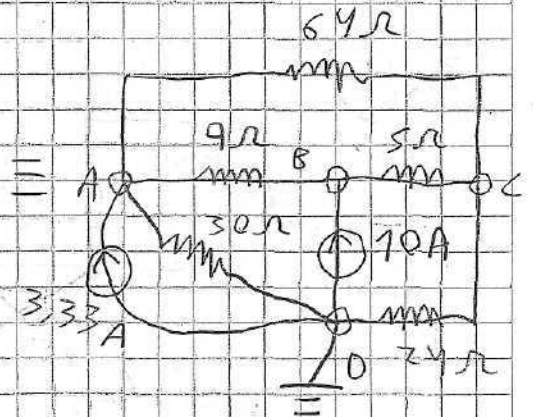
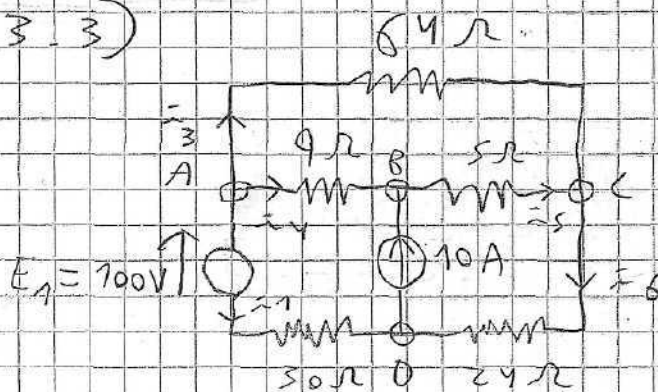
FECHA:

$$750V = I_1 \cdot 69\Omega + 4\Omega I_2 - 65\Omega I_3$$

$$750V = I_1 \cdot 69\Omega - 0,664\Omega I_1 - 4\Omega \cdot 25 I_1 - 1,079\Omega I_1$$

| |
|-------------|
| $I_1 = 6A$ |
| $I_2 = -7A$ |
| $I_3 = 4A$ |

3.3)



$$\begin{pmatrix} 3,33A \\ 10A \\ 0A \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{9\Omega} + \frac{1}{30\Omega} + \frac{1}{64\Omega} & -\frac{1}{9\Omega} & -\frac{1}{64\Omega} \\ -\frac{1}{9\Omega} & \frac{1}{9\Omega} + \frac{1}{5\Omega} & -\frac{1}{5\Omega} \\ -\frac{1}{64\Omega} & -\frac{1}{5\Omega} & \frac{1}{64\Omega} + \frac{1}{5\Omega} + \frac{1}{24\Omega} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V_A = \frac{\Delta_a}{\Delta}$$

$$V_B = \frac{\Delta_b}{\Delta}$$

$$V_C = \frac{\Delta_c}{\Delta}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} V_A \\ V_B \\ V_C \end{pmatrix}$$

NOTA:

$$\Delta = 2,46 \cdot 10^{-3} \frac{1}{\Omega^3}$$

$$\Delta_a = 0,45 \frac{A}{\Omega^2}$$

$$\Delta_b = 0,515 \frac{A}{\Omega^2}$$

$$\Delta_c = 0,427 \frac{A}{\Omega^2}$$

$$P_{E_1} = -276,33 \text{ W}$$

$$V_A = 182,9 \text{ V}$$

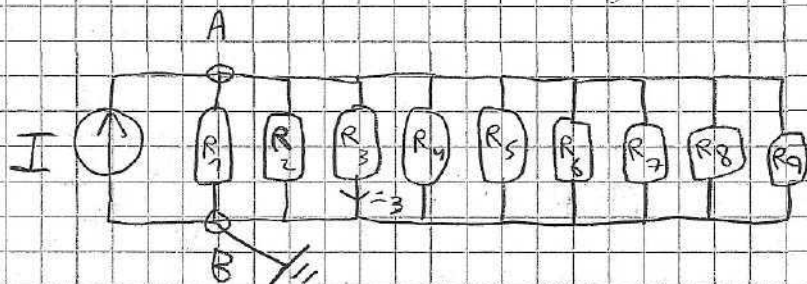
$$V_B = 209,34 \text{ V}$$

$$V_C = 173,57 \text{ V}$$

$$V_D = 0$$

$$P_{I_2} = 2093,4 \text{ W}$$

3.4)



$$I_3 = \frac{V_{AB}}{R_3}$$

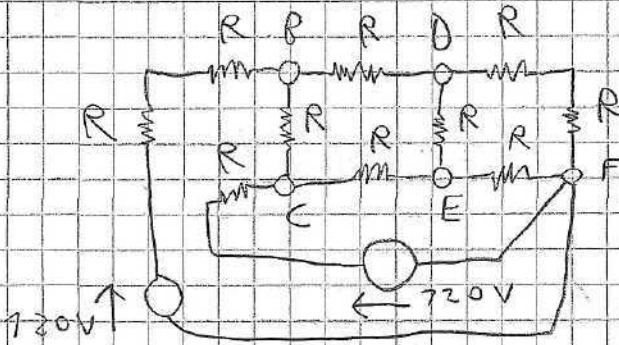
$$V_A - V_B = V_{AB}$$

$$V_B = 0$$

$$(I) = \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_4} + \frac{1}{R_5} + \frac{1}{R_6} + \frac{1}{R_7} + \frac{1}{R_8} + \frac{1}{R_9} \right) (V_A)$$

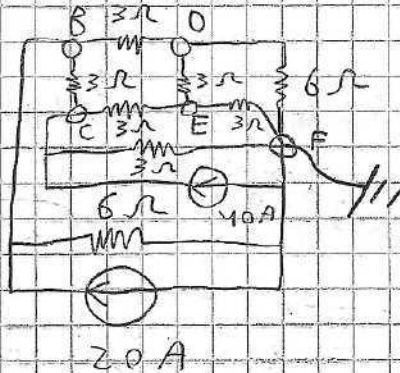
$$I_3 = \frac{I}{R_3 \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_4} + \frac{1}{R_5} + \frac{1}{R_6} + \frac{1}{R_7} + \frac{1}{R_8} + \frac{1}{R_9} \right)}$$

3.5



$R = 3\Omega$

$V_F = 0$



$$\begin{pmatrix} 20A \\ 40A \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3\Omega} + \frac{1}{3\Omega} + \frac{1}{6\Omega} & -\frac{1}{3\Omega} & -\frac{1}{3\Omega} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{3\Omega} & \frac{1}{3\Omega} + \frac{1}{3\Omega} + \frac{1}{3\Omega} & 0 & -\frac{1}{3\Omega} \\ +\frac{1}{3\Omega} & 0 & \frac{1}{3\Omega} + \frac{1}{3\Omega} + \frac{1}{6\Omega} & -\frac{1}{3\Omega} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{3\Omega} & -\frac{1}{3\Omega} & \frac{1}{3\Omega} + \frac{1}{3\Omega} + \frac{1}{3\Omega} \end{pmatrix}$$

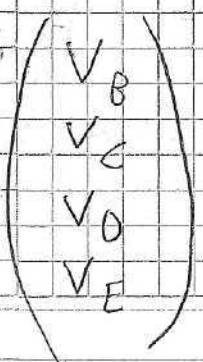
$V_B = \frac{\Delta_{2r}}{\Delta}$

$\Delta = \frac{26}{81} \Omega^4$

$V_C = \frac{\Delta_C}{\Delta}$

$\Delta_{2r} = 640 A$

$\Delta_C = \frac{680}{27} \Omega^3$



NOTA:

$$V_B = \frac{960}{13} = 73,84 \text{ V}$$

$$V_C = \frac{1020}{13} = 78,46 \text{ V}$$

$$V_A = 720 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{AC} = 47,54 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{AC} = 13,84 \text{ A}$$

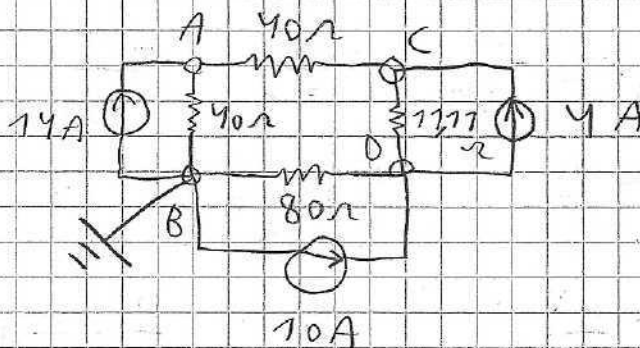
$$V_{AB} = 46,16 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{AB} = 7,69 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{FA} = 27,53 \text{ A}$$

$$P_E = 2583,6 \text{ W}$$

3.6)



$$V_B = 0$$

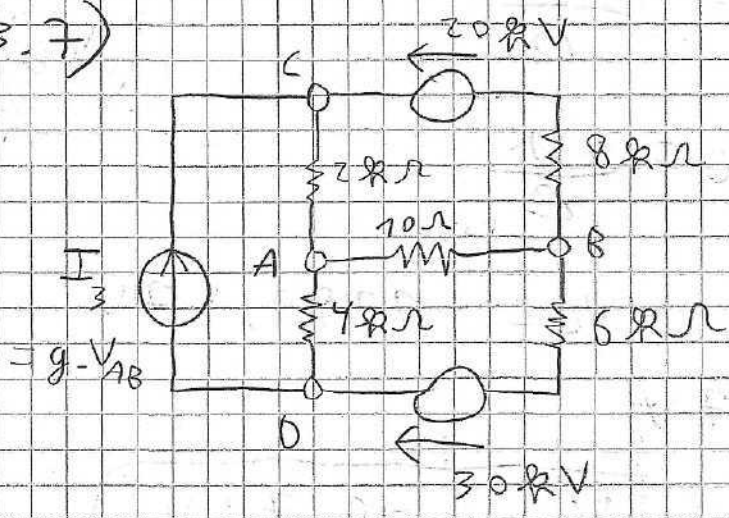
$$\begin{pmatrix} 14 \text{ A} \\ 4 \text{ A} \\ 10 \text{ A} - 4 \text{ A} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{40\Omega} + \frac{1}{40\Omega} & -\frac{1}{40\Omega} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{40\Omega} & \frac{1}{40\Omega} + \frac{1}{11,11\Omega} & -\frac{1}{11,11\Omega} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{11,11\Omega} & \frac{1}{80\Omega} + \frac{1}{11,11\Omega} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_A \\ V_C \\ V_D \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V_A = \frac{\Delta_a}{\Delta}$$

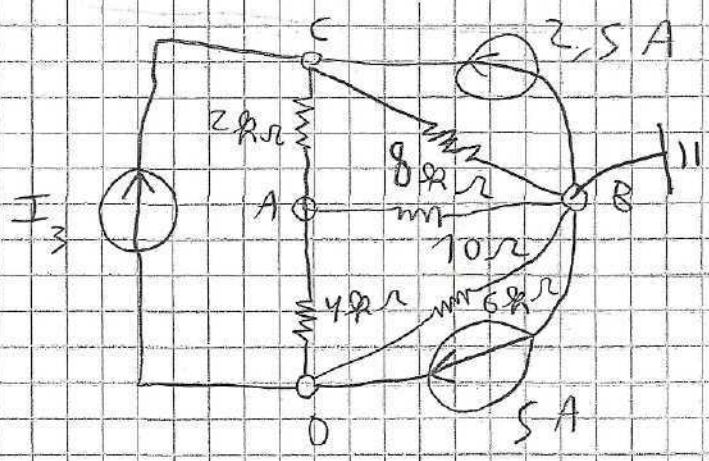
$$V_C = \frac{\Delta_c}{\Delta}$$

$$V_D = \frac{\Delta_d}{\Delta}$$

3.7)



$$g = \frac{S}{\Omega}$$



$$V_B = 0$$

$$I_3 = \frac{5VA}{\Omega}$$

$\begin{pmatrix} V_A \\ V_C \\ V_D \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ I_3 + 2.5A \\ 5A - I_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4\Omega} + \frac{1}{2\Omega} + \frac{1}{10\Omega} & -\frac{1}{2\Omega} & -\frac{1}{4\Omega} \\ -\frac{1}{2\Omega} & \frac{1}{2\Omega} + \frac{1}{8\Omega} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{4\Omega} & 0 & \frac{1}{6\Omega} + \frac{1}{4\Omega} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2,5A \\ 2,5A \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4k\Omega} + \frac{1}{2k\Omega} + \frac{1}{10k\Omega} & \frac{-1}{2k\Omega} & \frac{-1}{4k\Omega} \\ \frac{-1}{2k\Omega} - \frac{5}{\Omega} & \frac{1}{2k\Omega} + \frac{1}{8k\Omega} & 0 \\ \frac{-1}{4k\Omega} + \frac{5}{\Omega} & 0 & \frac{1}{6k\Omega} + \frac{1}{4k\Omega} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V_A = \frac{\Delta_A}{\Delta}$$

$$V_C = \frac{\Delta_C}{\Delta}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} V_A \\ V_C \\ V_D \end{pmatrix}$$

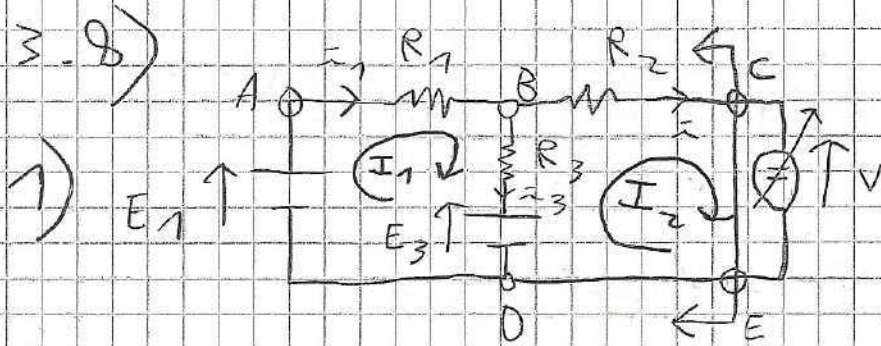
$$V_D = \frac{\Delta_D}{\Delta}$$

$$V_A =$$

$$V_C =$$

$$V_D =$$

$$V_{AB} =$$



$$E_1 - E_3 = R_1 I_1 + R_3 (I_1 - I_2)$$

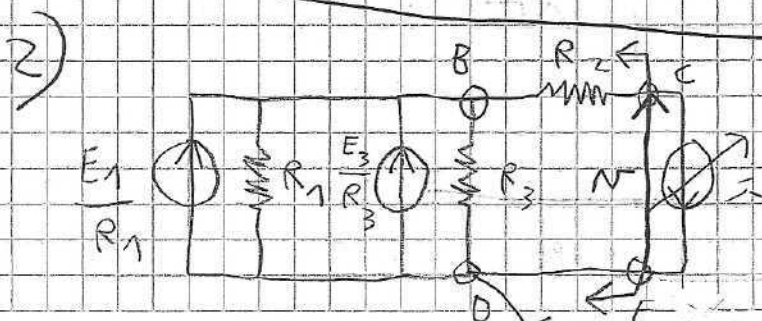
$$E_3 - V = R_2 I_2 + R_3 (I_2 - I_1)$$

$$I_1 = \frac{E_1 - E_3 + R_3 I_2}{(R_1 + R_3)}$$

$$I_2 = I_2$$

$$V = E_3 - R_2 I_2 - R_3 I_2 + R_3 \left(\frac{E_1 - E_3 + R_3 I_2}{R_1 + R_3} \right)$$

$$V = E_3 + \frac{R_3 E_1 - R_3 E_3}{R_1 + R_3} + I_2 \left(-R_2 - R_3 + \frac{R_3^2}{R_1 + R_3} \right)$$



$$\left[\frac{E_1}{R_1} + \frac{E_3}{R_3} - \bar{x} \right] = \left[\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_1} \right] \left[\begin{matrix} V \\ B \end{matrix} \right]$$

$$V_0 = 0 \rightarrow V_E = V_0 \rightarrow V_E = 0$$

$$V_C + R_2 \cdot \bar{x} = V_B \quad V_{CE} = V_C - V_E = V_C = N$$

$$N = \frac{\frac{E_1}{R_1} + \frac{E_3}{R_3} - \bar{x}}{\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_1}} - R_2 \bar{x}$$

$$N - \frac{E_1}{R_1 \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_1} \right)} - \frac{E_3}{R_3 \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_1} \right)}$$

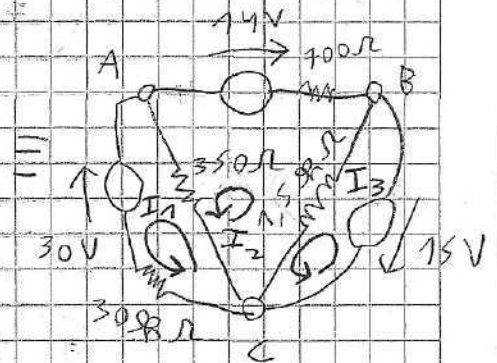
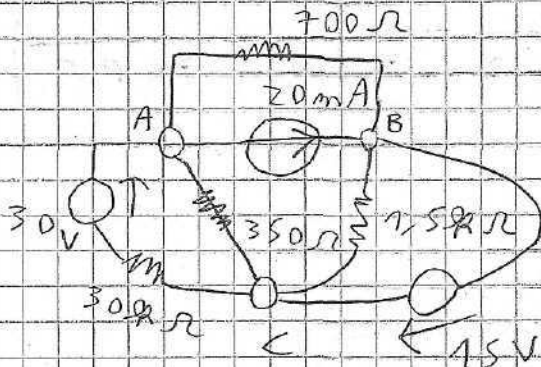
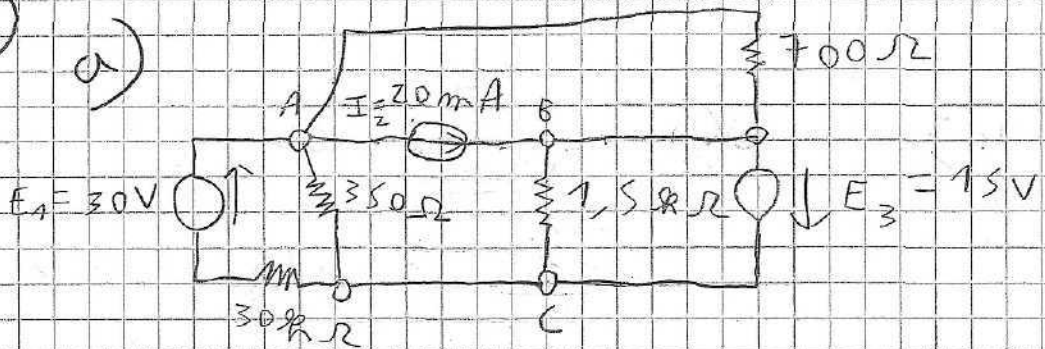
$$= \bar{x} \left(- \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_1} \right)} - R_2 \right)$$

$$\bar{x} = - \frac{\frac{E_1}{R_1} + \frac{E_3}{R_3}}{\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_1}} + N$$

$$= - \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_1} \right)} - R_2$$

3.9)

a)



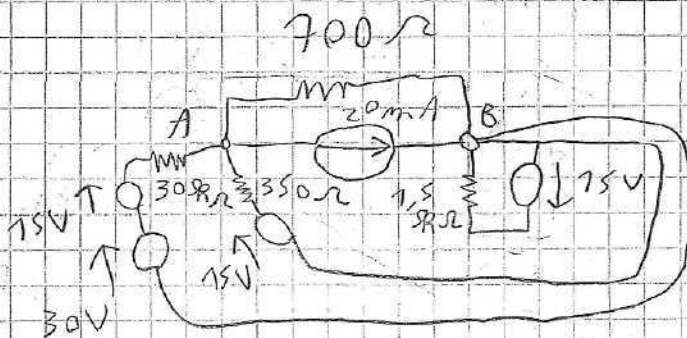
$$\begin{pmatrix} -30V \\ -15V \\ -15V \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 30\Omega + 350\Omega & -350\Omega & 0 \\ -350\Omega & 350\Omega + 1,5k\Omega + 700\Omega & -1,5k\Omega \\ 0 & -1,5k\Omega & 1,5k\Omega \end{pmatrix}$$

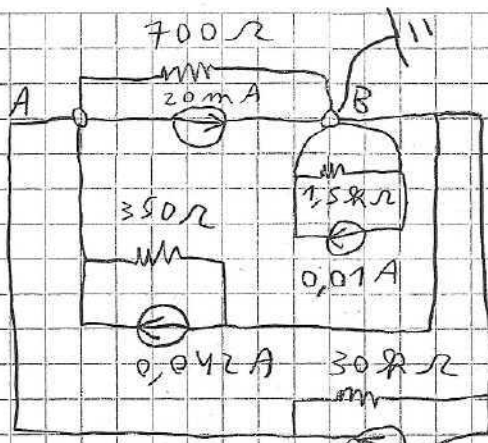
$$I_1 = -7,3mA \quad I_2 = -28mA$$

$$I_3 = -38mA$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \\ I_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

b)

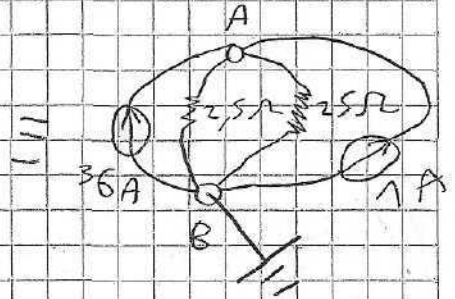
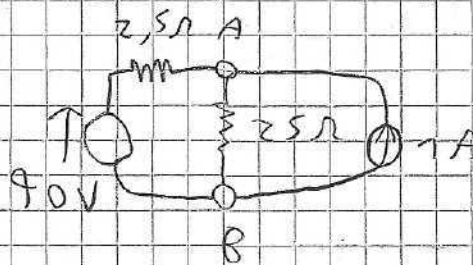




$$0,0075A \quad V_A = 5,44V$$

$$0,0235A = \left(\frac{1}{700\Omega} + \frac{1}{350\Omega} + \frac{1}{30\Omega} \right) \cdot V_A$$

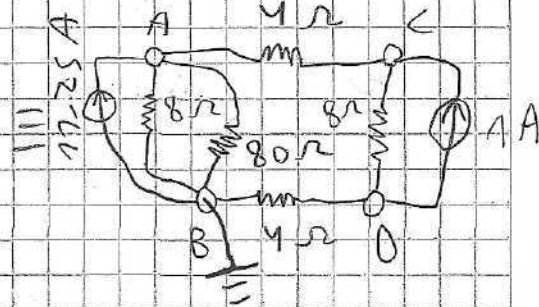
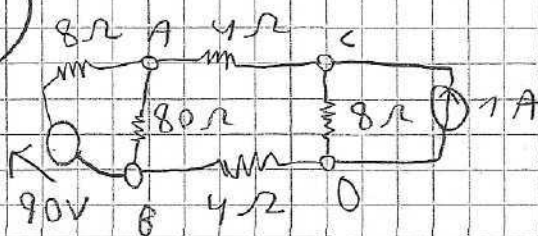
3.70)



$$[36A + 1A] = \left[\frac{1}{2,5\Omega} + \frac{1}{2,5\Omega} \right] [V_A]$$

$$84,09V = V_A \quad V_B = 0$$

3.77)



$$V_B = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 11,25A \\ 1A \\ -1A \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{8\Omega} + \frac{1}{80\Omega} + \frac{1}{4\Omega} & -\frac{1}{4\Omega} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{4\Omega} & \frac{1}{4\Omega} + \frac{1}{8\Omega} & -\frac{1}{8\Omega} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{8\Omega} & \frac{1}{4\Omega} + \frac{1}{8\Omega} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_A \\ V_C \\ V_D \end{bmatrix}$$